Front End Developer Nanodegree Syllabus Build Stunning User Experiences



Front End Developer

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Front End Developer

Before You Start

You've taken the first step toward becoming a web developer by choosing the Front End Nanodegree program. In order to succeed, we recommend having experience using the web, being able to perform a search on Google, and (most importantly) the determination to keep pushing forward! Prior programming experience is not required, but if you'd like to prepare for this Nanodegree, check out our HTML and CSS Syntax course.

The Front-End Web Developer Nanodegree is composed of 8 projects. With each project, you'll create something to demonstrate your mastery of in-demand skills. Projects range in complexity and each builds upon the last. In the end, you will have built a portfolio of projects, including a select set that are resume worthy.

Contact Info

While going through the program, if you have questions about anything, you can reach us at enterprise-support@udacity.com. For help from Udacity Mentors and your peers, visit the Udacity Classroom.

Nanodegree Program Info

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

REQUIRED HARDWARE: Webcam, Microphone

REQUIRED SOFTWARE AND SOFTWARE VERSION:

Sublime Text, 2.0.2+ Atom, 0.177.0 Git, 2.2.1 Local Web Server (like MAMP) Bootstrap, 3.3.2 Adobe Flash Player, 13.0+ KnockoutJS, 3.2.0 jQuery, 2.1.3

LENGTH OF PROGRAM*: 6 months

FREQUENCY OF CLASSES: Self-paced

INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS AVAILABLE: Video lectures, Text instructions, Quizzes, Study Groups,

Knowledge, Project Reviews

*This is a self-paced program and the length is an estimation of total hours the average student may take to complete all required coursework, including lecture and project time. Actual hours may vary.

Project 1: Animal Trading Cards

In this project, you'll be creating a trading card for your favorite animal. You will use your knowledge of HTML to create the structure for your trading card. Then you will use CSS styling to design your trading card.

Supporting Lesson Content: HTML Syntax and CSS Syntax

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
HTML SYNTAX	 Identify the parts that make up an HTML tag Determine when to use specific HTML tags Correctly structure nested HTML content Decide between a variety of text editors for writing code
CSS SYNTAX	 Identify the benefit of separating style from content Use CSS to style a website Test styles by manipulating CSS properties Use CSS references to lookup standard CSS properties and values
HOW TO WRITE CODE FASTER	 Use keyboard shortcuts to write code faster Use code editor packages and themes to improve workflow and write code more efficiently

Project 2: Build a Portfolio Site

For this project, you'll be building a portfolio website. You will be provided a design mockup as a PDF-file, and you must replicate that design in HTML and CSS. You will develop a responsive website that will display images, descriptions and links to each of the portfolio projects you will complete through the course of your Nanodegree program on any size of screen.

Supporting Lesson Content: Responsive Web Design and Writing READMEs

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes	
WHY RESPONSIVE	•	Create your own responsive web page that works well on any
		device: phone, tablet, desktop or anything in between.

Project 2: Build a Portfolio Site (Continued)

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
WHY RESPONSIVE	 Explore what makes a site responsive and how some common responsive design patterns work across different devices. Create your own responsive layout using the `viewport` tag and CSS media queries. Experiment with major and minor breakpoints Optimize text for reading.
STARTING SMALL	Build HTML elements for any screen size.Use the browser viewport to create consistent user experiences.
BUILDING UP	 Use media queries and breakpoints to create responsive web page designs Create flexible HTML elements with an introduction to Flexbox
WRITING READMES	 Identify Markdown syntax Explain the importance of documentation Write Markdown to document project instructions and information

Project 3: Memory Game

In this project, you'll demonstrate your mastery of HTML, CSS, and JavaScript by building a complete browser-based card matching game (also known as Concentration). From building a grid of cards, adding functionality to handle user input, and implementing gameplay logic -- you'll combine all your web development skills to create a fully interactive experience for your users.

Supporting Lesson Content: Intro to JavaScript

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes	
WHAT IS JAVASCRIPT	Gain insight on history of JavaScript.Begin writing code immediately using the JavaScript console.	

Project 3: Memory Game (Continued)

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
DATA TYPES & VARIABLES	Represent real-world data using JavaScript variables.Recognize distinctions between different data types.
CONDITIONALS	 Use conditional statements to add logic and control flow into JavaScript programs.
LOOPS	 Reduce code duplication and automate repetitive tasks by leveraging JavaScript loops.
FUNCTIONS	 Harness the power of functions to streamline and organize your programs.
ARRAYS	• Leverage, arrays to store complex data in JavaScript programs.
OBJECTS	Alongside arrays, use objects to store complex data.

Supporting Lesson Content: Intro to ES6

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
ES6 SYNTAX	• Utilize recent syntax improvements that have been made to the JavaScript language.

Supporting Lesson Content: Shell Workshop

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
SHELL WORKSHOP	• The Unix shell is a powerful tool for developers of all sorts. You'll get a quick introduction to the very basics of using it on your own computer.

Project 3: Memory Game (Continued)

Supporting Lesson Content: Version Control with Git & GitHub

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
WHAT IS VERSION CONTROL	• You'll learn about the benefits of version control and install the version control tool Git!
CREATE A GIT REPO	Create a new repository from scratchCloning an existing repository.
REVIEW A REPO'S HISTORY	 Review an existing Git repository's history of commits. Change how Git Log displays information. View files that have been modified. View changes that have been made.
ADD COMMITS TO A REPO	 Make commits that are saved to the repository. Write descriptive commit messages. Verify the changes you're about to save to the repository.
TAGGING, BRANCHING, AND MERGING	 Add special markers called tags to commits. Work on isolated development tracks by making use of Git's Branches. Combine branches together.
UNDOING CHANGES	• Modify or undo changes that have been saved to a repository.
WORKING WITH REMOTES	Create remote repositories on GitHub.Get and send changes to a remote repository.
WORKING ON ANOTHER DEVELOPER'S REPOSITORY	 Create copies of a project by forking another developer's Repository. Collaborate with other developers by contributing to a public project.
STAYING IN SYNC WITH A REMOTE REPOSITORY	 Leverage pull requests to send suggested changes to another Developer. Move or combine commits with `git rebase`.

Project 3: Memory Game (Continued)

Supporting Lesson Content: JavaScript & the DOM

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
THE DOCUMENT OBJECT MODEL	 Learn how the DOM is constructed Use DOM methods to select page elements Figure out where an Element's properties come from
CREATING CONTENT WITH JAVASCRIPT	 Use DOM and JavaScript to add new content to the page Learn DOM and JavaScript to remove page content Use DOM and JavaScript to style page elements
WORKING WITH BROWSER EVENTS	 Discover the hidden world of browser events Use DOM and JavaScript to respond to specific events Learn when the web page is ready to be modified and controlled
PERFORMANCE	 Learn how to measure the speed of your DOM and JavaScript Code Identify code that causes Reflow and Repaint issues Explain how the JavaScript Event Loop works

Project 4: Classic Arcade Game Clone

In this project, you'll recreate the classic arcade game Frogger. You will be provided visual assets and a game loop engine; using these tools you must add a number of entities to the game including the player characters and enemies.

Supporting Lesson Content: Web Accessibility

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
ACCESSIBILITY OVERVIEW	• Explore the diversity of different users experience with websites and applications. Learn about using screen readers practically and recognize the challenge of building web experiences for all users.

Project 4: Classic Arcade Game Clone (Continued)

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
FOCUS	 Learn how important focus is to maintain an accessible site. Maintain focus using the Tabindex, Keyboard Design Patterns, and Offscreen Content.
SEMANTICS BASICS	• Dive into the differences between visual UI and semantically designed accessible UI. Add semantic elements to HTML to create a user interface that works for everyone.
NAVIGATING CONTENT	 Implement effective semantic navigation using headings, link text and landmarks.
ARIA	• Sometimes an HTML element may not have a role or value assigned semantically. In this lesson, you'll use ARIA attributes to provide context for screen readers.
STYLE	 Incorporate CSS styling into your accessible web design and use accessible color schemes to improve accessibility.

Supporting Lesson Content: Object-Oriented JavaScript

Learning Outcomes		
Access an object's properties		
Create objects using object literal notation		
Add properties to objects		
Remove properties from objects using the delete operator		
Write methods to access an object with the this keyword		
Compare an object with another object		
 Identify global variables as properties of the window object 		
 Identify the risks of using global variables 		
Extract properties and values from an object		

Project 4: Classic Arcade Game Clone (Continued)

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes				
FUNCTIONS AT RUNTIME	 Analyze why JavaScript functions are first-class functions Callback : pass a function as an argument into another function Runtime scope : identify variables available for a function to use Analyze how the JavaScript interpreter accesses variables through the scope chain Utilize a closure to pass arguments implicitly, and to store a snapshot of state at function declaration Write an immediately-invoked function expression (IIFE) to create private state 				
CLASSES AND OBJECTS	 Model real-world "things" using object-oriented programming Write a constructor function to instantiate objects Identify various ways a function can be invoked, including each approach's effect on the value of this Leverage call, apply, and bind to manually set the value of this Access and add properties to an object's prototype Implement prototypal inheritance to base an object on another Object 				

Supporting Lesson Content: ES6

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes		
ES6 FUNCTIONS	 With ES6, functions are getting some much-needed improvements. Learn a number of new things including arrow functions and classes. 		
ES6 BUILT-INS	 The JavaScript environment provides you with a number of features by default. You'll learn about Sets, Maps, Proxies, Generators, how iteration works, and more! 		
ES6 PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPER-FU	 Not all browsers are able to support this new version of JavaScript. You'll learn about using polyfills and transpiling your ES6 JavaScript code to ES5. 		

Project 5: Feed Reader Testing

In this project, you'll be learning about testing with Javascript. Testing is an important part of the development process and many organizations practice a standard known as "testdriven development" or TDD. This is when developers write tests first, before they ever start developing their application. Whether you work in an organization that writes tests extensively to inform product development or one that uses tests to encourage iteration, testing has become an essential skill in modern web development!

Supporting Lesson Content: Web Tooling & Automation

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes		
INTRODUCTION	• Learn the foundations of what web tooling is and how to prevent over-optimization.		
PRODUCTIVE EDITING	• Get your text editor setup, learn all of its powerful features and keyboard shortcuts.		
POWERFUL BUILDS	• Start exploring the Gulp build system and automate many of the processes you perform multiple times throughout the course of your work.		
EXPRESSIVE LIVE EDITING	• Setup LiveReload to automatically reload your browser every time you make a change in your code.		
HOW TO PREVENT DISASTERS	• Learn how to prevent cross-browser issues in your CSS, Prevent JavaScript errors, and more - all with your tool pipeline!		
AWESOME OPTIMIZATIONS	• Learn how to concatenate, minimize, transpile, and more!		

Supporting Lesson Content: JavaScript Testing

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes	
RETHINKING TESTING	• Explain the benefits of Test-Driven Development	
	• Use tests to identify expectations of code functionality	

Project 5: Feed Reader Testing (Continued)

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes		
WRITING TEST SUITES	 Use the Jasmine testing framework Identify the key functions that make up the Jasmine framework Explain the Red-Green-Refactor life cycle of testing Write Jasmine tests to validate asynchronous code 		

Project 6: Restaurant Reviews

For this project, you will convert a static webpage to a mobile-ready web application. You will take a static design that lacks accessibility and convert the design to be responsive on different sized displays and accessible for screen reader use. You will also begin converting this to a Progressive Web Application by caching some assets for offline use.

Supporting Lesson Content: Web Tooling & Automation

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes		
CHANGING	 React to changing product specifications and developer		
EXPECTATIONS	Expectations Explore the Model-View-Controller design pattern Analyze an existing application for MVC structure		
REFACTORING WITH	 Write code with discrete areas of responsibility in an MVC		
SEPARATION OF	Application Refactor an existing application to make use of modern code		
CONCERNS	design practices		

Supporting Lesson Content: JavaScript Promises

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes	
CREATING PROMISES	• Learn what a promise is, how it makes writing asynchronous JavaScript simpler and how to handle errors.	

Project 6: Restaurant Reviews (Continued)

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes	
CHAINING PROMISES	• Create sequences of asynchronous work by chaining Promises together and dive into more advanced error handling.	

Supporting Lesson Content: Asynchronous JavaScript

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes	
AJAX WITH XHR	Connect to external web APIs to power asynchronous browse updates	
AJAX WITH JQUERY	 Use the jQuery Javascript library to build Ajax requests and handle API responses Handle error responses with Ajax 	
AJAX WITH FETCH	• Use the new Fetch API to make asynchronous requests and handle the returned data	

Supporting Lesson Content: Front-end Frameworks

Lesson Title	Le	Learning Outcomes		
FEATURES OF SINGLE PAGE APPS	•	Learn about the features of a single page web application.		
EXAMINE A FRAMEWORK'S SOURCE	•	Dig around in the Backbone framework to discover how many of its most popular features work.		
ANGULAR	•	Learn how to build a single page application in the Angular framework.		
EMBER	•	Learn how to build a single page application in the Ember framework.		

Project 6: Restaurant Reviews (Continued)

Supporting Lesson Content: Offline Web Apps

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes	
THE BENEFITS OF OFFLINE FIRST	•	Discover the differences between a standard web app and an offline-first application and get an introduction to new APIs.
INTRODUCING THE SERVICE WORKER	•	Recognize the differences between good, poor, intermittent, and missing connectivity for your users, and master how to make applications that navigate these conditions with ease.
INDEXEDDB AND CACHING	•	Use the IndexedDB API, along with Service Workers, to write caching solutions that will make your applications perform better.

Project 7: MyReads

In this project, you will create a React application from scratch and utilize React components to manage the user interface. You'll create a virtual bookcase to store your books and track what you're reading. Using the provided Books API, you'll search for books and add them to a bookshelf as a React component. Finally, you'll use React's setState method to build the functionality to move books from one shelf to another.

Supporting Lesson Content: React Fundamentals

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
WHY REACT	 Identify why React was built Use composition to build complex functions from simple ones Leverage declarative code to express logic without control flow Recognize that React is just JavaScript
RENDERING UI WITH REACT	 Use create-react-app to create a new React application Create reusable, focused Class components with composition Leverage JSX to describe UI

Project 7: MyReads (Continued)

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
STATE MANAGEMENT	 Manage state in applications Use props to pass data into a component Create functional components focused on UI rather than behavior Add state to components to represent mutable internal data Use the this keyword to access component data and properties Update state with setState Use PropTypes to typecheck and debug components Use controlled components to manage input form elements
RENDER UI WITH EXTERNAL DATA	 Conceptualize the lifecycle of a component Use React's componentDidMount lifecycle hook for HTTP requests
MANAGE APP LOCATION WITH REACT ROUTER	 Use React Router to add different routes to applications Use state to dynamically render a different "page" Use React Router's Route component Use React Router's Link component

Project 8: Neighborhood Map (React)

In this project, you will develop a single-page application featuring a map of your neighborhood or a neighborhood you would like to visit. You will then add additional functionality to this application, including: map markers to identify popular locations or places you'd like to visit, a search function to easily discover these locations, and a listview to support simple browsing of all locations. You will then research and implement thirdparty APIs that provide additional information about each of these locations (such as StreetView images, Wikipedia articles, Yelp reviews, etc).

Project 8: Neighborhood Map (Continued)

Supporting Lesson Content: Google Maps API

Lesson Title	Learning Outcomes
GETTING STARTED WITH THE APIS	• Set up your developer credentials and get started with the Google Maps APIs.
UNDERSTANDING API SERVICES	• Explore the location services available in the Google Maps APIs, including the Geocoding, Elevation, and Directions APIs.
USING THE APIS IN PRACTICE	• Learn the practical details you need to know to use the Google Maps APIs in the real world.



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